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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/828,563	04/21/2004	Robert Korn	KORN 201- KFM	5265
7590 09/13/2006			EXAMINER	
Karl F. Milde, Jr., Esq. MILDE, HOFFBERG & MACKLIN, LLP Suite 460 10 Bank Street			FETSUGA, ROBERT M	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3751	
White Plains, N	IY 10606		DATE MAILED: 09/13/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/828,563	KORN, ROBERT				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Robert M. Fetsuga	3751				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	•					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on June	05. 2006 & July 31. 2006.					
	action is non-final.					
,—	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable		- - - - - - - -				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•				
•	priority under 35 H S C & 119(a)	n-(d) or (f)				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
· · — · · —	s have been received					
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior						
application from the International Bureau		ou in the reasoner energe				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		ed.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Dotice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ratent Application				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) L_l Other:						

1. The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: Proper antecedent basis for the "substantially perpendicularly" feature (both recitations) and "extending parallel" feature (both recitations) set forth in claim 1, subject matter set forth in claims 3, 7 and 13, "at least two" feature set forth in claim 4, and "at least one" feature set forth in claims 14 and 15, could not be found in the specification. Applicant is reminded claim terminology in mechanical cases should appear in the descriptive portion of the specification by reference to the drawing(s).

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Applicant argues at pages 11-12 of the response filed June 05, 2006 proper antecedent bases for the noted terminology are provided at pages 3-5 of the instant specification. The examiner can not agree, as pages 3-5 are not part of the detailed description portion of the disclosure, and the terms of claims 3, 4, 7 and 15 are not present at all.

2. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the

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time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Claim 1 now recites a support rail "consisting essentially of" some listed elements. This subject matter is not found in the originally filed disclosure and is therefore considered to be new matter. In fact, applicant implies in the response filed July 31, 2006 (pg. 3) this claim language excludes all elements not recited in claim 1. However, this unsubstantiated position contradicts both the presence of dependent claims 2-19, and page 12 of the original specification.

3. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 is unclear as to the metes and bounds of the phrase "consisting essentially of" (ln. 4). The instant disclosure does not give any meaning to this language. Likewise, applicant has not addressed the meaning of this language as was required in responding to the Office action mailed April 26, 2006.

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1, 3, 4 and 7, as best understood, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Van Riemsdyck.

The Van Riemsdyck reference discloses a support rail comprising: a hand rail 62; two horizontal anchors 38 including end pieces 42 and suction cups 66; and two vertical anchors 28 including end pieces 29 and suction cups 66, as claimed. Re claim 4, the language is relative and connotes no definite structure. Since it is not understood how the "consisting essentially of" phrase of amended claim 1 can alter mechanical claim scope from the originally presented "comprising" phrase, the claims are still considered to be anticipated. Applicant has not pointed out in any response any examiner error regarding this finding of anticipation.

6. Claims 8 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van Riemsdyck and Morrison.

Although the anchors of the Van Riemsdyck bathtub support do not include pivotal connections, as claimed, attention is directed to the Morrison reference which discloses an analogous bathtub support which further includes an anchor 3 having a pivotal connection 6 (for example). Therefore, in consideration of Morrison, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the bathtub support art to associate pivotal connections with the Van Riemsdyck anchors in order to accommodate different wall slopes.

Applicants' argument at page 13 of the response filed June 05, 2006 concerning Morrison does not address the grounds of rejection and therefore is considered moot. Applicants' argument at pages 14-16 of the response filed June 05, 2006 does not point out any error in the examiners' finding of facts establishing the prima facie case of obviousness and therefore is considered moot.

7. Claims 4, 13, 14 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van Riemsdyck and Slater.

Although the Van Riemsdyck bathtub support does not include plastic piping, as claimed, attention is directed to the Slater reference which discloses an analogous bathtub support which further includes plastic piping (col. 1 lns. 58-61). Therefore, in consideration of Slater, it would have been obvious to one of

ordinary skill in the bathtub support art to associate plastic piping with the Van Riemsdyck bathtub support as being corrosion and heat resistant. Re claim 20, the choice of color would appear an obvious choice to be made.

Applicant's argument at page 14 of the response filed June 05, 2006 concerning Slater does not address the grounds of rejection and therefore is considered moot. Applicants' argument at pages 14-16 of the response filed June 05, 2006 does not point out any error in the examiners' finding of facts establishing the prima facie case of obviousness and therefore is considered moot.

8. Claims 1, 3, 4 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tilson et al., Van Riemsdyck and Sullivan.

The Tilson et al. (Tilson) reference discloses a hand rail comprising: a hand rail 26; two horizontal anchors 70,72; and two vertical anchors 54. Re claim 4, the language is relative and connotes no definite structure. Therefore, Tilson teaches all claimed elements except for the provision of suction cups.

Although the anchors of the Tilson bathtub support do not include suction cups, as claimed, attention is directed to the Van Riemsdyck reference which discloses an analogous bathtub support which further includes anchors 28,38 having suction

cups 66. Therefore, in consideration of Van Riemsdyck, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the bathtub support art to associate suction cups with the Tilson anchors in order to facilitate removal after use. Furthermore, the Sullivan reference is cited as evidence that one skilled in the bathtub support art would recognize the need to avoid engaging suction cups over a tile grout line (col. 2 lns. 59-64).

Applicant argues at page 13 of the response filed June 05, 2006 the support rail of Tilson is unsuitable for a child because it is mounted outside the bathtub. The examiner can not agree and notes applicant has not pointed to any evidence in support of this contention. In any event, the "bathtub" is merely recited as intended use environment in claim 1 rather than as a structural limitation. Applicants' argument at pages 13-14 of the response filed June 05, 2006 concerning Sullivan does not address the grounds of rejection and therefore is considered moot. Applicants' argument at pages 14-16 of the response filed June 05, 2006 does not point out any error in the examiners' finding of facts establishing the prima facie case of obviousness and therefore is considered moot.

9. Claims 1, 3, 4, 7, 8 and 11 are rejected under 35
U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tilson, Van Riemsdyck

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and Sullivan as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Morrison.

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To associate pivotal connections with the Tilson anchors would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art in consideration of Morrison analogous to the discussion supra.

10. Claims 2, 4-6 and 9-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tilson, Van Riemsdyck and Sullivan as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Slater.

Re claim 2, to associate plastic piping with the Tilson bathtub support would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art in consideration of Slater analogous to the discussion supra. Re claim 13, the choice of rail material would appear an obvious choice to be made. Slater also teaches use of commonly available pvc piping which conveniently includes elbow connectors and T-connectors. Re claim 20, the choice of color would appear an obvious choice to be made.

- 11. Applicant is referred to MPEP 714.02 and 608.01(o) in responding to this Office action.
- 12. The grounds of rejection have been reconsidered in light of applicant's arguments, but are still deemed to be proper.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Robert M. Fetsuga at telephone number 571/272-4886 who can be most easily reached Monday through Thursday. The Office central fax number is 571/273-8300.

Robert M. Fetsuga Primary Examiner Art Unit 3751